## Nature Protection Area



# Moor of Arrach

#### Profile of the moor of Arrach

Local comm.: Admin. distr.: Size:	Arrach in Lamer Winkel Cham 19 ha (FFH-area) 12 ha (Nature prot.area)
Prot. status:	FFH-area Nature protection area
Moor type::	Slope spring moor Flow-through-moor
Age:	about 6000 years

### What is a moor anyway?

Moors consist of peat. When there is too much water in the soil, shagnum mosses establish themselves. They constantly grow upwards while their parts below die off and get conserved as "peat". In the moor of Arrach peat deposits of over 5.6 m were found. As in average peat grows only 1 mm per year, the moor is at minimum 5600 years old.

There is a difference between lowland/intermediate and upland moors. Lowland moors are nutrientricher and have a connection to flowing-into or ground water. Upland moors are mostly only fed by rain water and are very nutrient-poor. Talking about a temporary transition the term intermediate moor is used.

#### A very seldom moor type!

In fact, the moor of Arrach should not exist at all, as moors can only grow at an amount of rain of 1 200 mm per year. But here in the valley we only have 900 mm. Thus the moor of Arrach owes its growing to a mixture of valley moor (caused by the flooding of the river Weißer Regen) and a slope spring moor.



#### Why is the moor of Arrach protected?

Moors are sensitive!

By drainage or by an increase of nutrients moors can quickly change into other, less important habitat types.

In the moor of Arrach there live animals and plants which do only live here. Therefore, this moor is strictly protected as nature protection area and as European natural heritage (Natura 2000 - FFH-area). To protect the moor people must refrain from doing certain things which could harm the moor.

Therefore, please, observe the orders of the regulations for nature protection area (see above pictograms in the right corner).

#### Moor protection is...

protection of species protection of habitats protection against high-water protection of climate protection of soil protection of recreation areas protection of territory archiv

Protection of people and nature







## Is the moor of Arrach unique?

Moors are individuals. Due to position, climate, geology and the former utilisation, the formation of animal and plant species in the moor of Arrach is unique. It is one of the only few still "living" (as still growing) moors of Northern Bavaria.

















- ▲ ● Moor nature-trail
  - Information pavillon
  - Existing hiking trail and cycle path
  - Open moor area (without trees)
  - Forest, shrubbery (before fostering measurements started)

Bird`s eye view of the moor of Arrach







Regierung der Oberpfalz, Höhere Naturschutzbehörde, 



#### The moor of Arrach is growing

#### A time travel

High moor

	1969	Moon Landing (USA)
	1848	German Revolution
	1914 - 1918	First Worldwar
	1789	French Revolution
	1420	Beginning of glass manu- facturing in the Bav. Forest
	13th cent.	Beginning of inquisition (witch hunt)
	12th/13th c.	Usage of grass and meadow land in the Bavarian Forest is documented
alala	1096 - 1099	First Crusade
D D D	1000	First settlements in the Bavarian Forest
	800	Crowning of emperor Karl the Great
	5th - 6th c.	Emigration of Nations
0	5th c. b. Chr 5th c. p. Chr.	Roman Empire (Imperium Romanum)
	776 b. Chr.	First Olympic Games
	1200 b. Chr.	Break-up of Troja
	ca. 2000 b. Chr.	Mixed forest consisting of beeches, firs and spruces that predominate long
	2700 b. Chr.	Egyptian high culture (building of Cheops-pyramide
	3000 b. Chr.	Growing of fir trees
5	3300 b. Chr.	Glacier man "Oetzi"
	4000 b. Chr.	Predominance of the beech trees
	5000 b. Chr.	Growing of beech trees
L	about 6000 years ago	Beginning of formation of the moor of Arrach